

AGENDA

Wednesday, November 17, 2021 at 5:00pm

Burnsville Maintenance Facility Conference Room 13713 Frontier Court, Burnsville MN 55337

COMMISSIONERS:

Curt Enestvedt, Chair Mike Hughes, Vice-Chair Scott Thureen, Secretary/Treasurer Tom Harmening Rollie Greeno Frank Boyce, Alternate Greg Helms, Alternate Natalie Walker, Alternate

- I. Approval of Agenda
- II. Approval of Minutes October 20, 2021
- III. Approval of Accounts Payable
- IV. Review Budget Performance Reports
- V. Review Draft Revisions to Plan Goals and Policies
- VI. Miscellaneous

VII. Adjournment

The City of Burnsville and Black Dog Watershed Management Organization do not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, age, or disability in the admission or access to, or treatment or employment in, its programs, activities, or services. To obtain this information in alternative forms such as braille, large print, audiotape or qualified readers, please contact the City of Burnsville. Telephone (952) 895-4400, TDD (952) 895-4567.



Agenda Background November 17, 2021

I. Approval of Agenda

Agenda enclosed.

Action Requested: A motion be considered to approve the Agenda.

II. Approval of Minutes from the October 20, 2021 Meeting

Minutes enclosed.

Action Requested: A motion be considered to approve the Minutes of the October 20, 2021 meeting.

III. Approval of Accounts Payable

Accounts payable list enclosed.

Action Requested: A motion be considered to approve the accounts payable list as submitted by staff.

IV. Review of Budget Performance Reports

Current Budget Performance Reports enclosed.

Action Requested: No formal action required

V. Review Draft Revisions to Plan Goals and Policies

Draft policies (excluding "Administration" and "Education and Outreach" sections, which will discussed at a later meeting) are presented in the attached PDF documents. One document presents proposed changes from existing Plan policies in "tracked changes" format. A "clean" version with proposed changed accepted is also provided for clarity. Barr Engineering staff will go over the documents at the meeting.

Action requested: Review the revised policies, suggest revisions as needed, and authorize Barr to present the draft policies, as revised, to the technical advisory committee for review and comment.

VI. Miscellaneous



DRAFT Meeting Minutes October 20, 2021

MEMBERS PRESENT

Mike Hughes, Acting Chair Scott Thureen, Secretary/Treasurer Rollie Greeno

MEMBERS ABSENT

Curt Enestvedt, Chair Frank Boyce, Alternate Tom Harmening Natalie Walker, Alternate Greg Helms, Alternate

OTHERS PRESENT

Karen Chandler – Barr Engineering Greg Williams – Barr Engineering Joel Jamnik, Campbell Knutson Ann Messerschmidt – City of Lakeville Curt Coudron – Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District Daryl Jacobson – BDWMO Administrator Vickie Martin – BDWMO Secretary

Mike Hughes, Vice Chair, called the October 20, 2021, meeting to order at 5:00pm.

I. Approval of Agenda

Motion by Scott Thureen, second by Rollie Greeno, to approve the October 20, 2021 Agenda as presented.

Ayes – Greeno, Hughes, Thureen, Nays – None

Motion Carried Unanimously

II. Approval of Minutes from the September 15, 2021 Meeting

Motion by Scott Thureen, second by Rollie Greeno, to approve the September 15, 2021 Minutes as presented.

Ayes – Greeno, Hughes, Thureen, Nays – None

Motion Carried Unanimously

III. Approval of Accounts Payable

Motion by Rollie Greeno, second by Scott Thureen, to approve payments to Barr Engineering in the amount of \$14,399.18 for services from August 28, 2021 through October 1, 2021; Campbell Knutson in the amount of \$459.00 for services from August 27, 2021 through September 15, 2021; and, to HAB Aquatic Solutions in the amount of \$110,658.00 for Alum Treatment for Keller Lake Project #21-902.

Discussion: Barr Engineering memo detailed Alum Treatment. Applied approximately 25,047 gallons of Alum and 12,626 gallons of Sodium Aluminate over approximately 46.30 acres within 2.5 days.

Ayes – Greeno, Hughes, Thureen, Nays – None

Motion Carried Unanimously

IV. Review Budget Performance Reports

Daryl Jacobson, BDWMO Administrator – Member contributions are being collected for 2021. BDWMO Administrator and Barr Engineering will work on grant submittal by year end for partial reimbursement for the Alum Treatment expense.

No Formal Action Required

V. Approval of Modifications to BDWMO Monitoring Program

Motion by Rollie Greeno, second by Scott Thureen, to approve modifications to the BDWMO monitoring program as presented in the Barr Engineering memo.

Ayes – Greeno, Hughes, Thureen, Nays – None

Motion Carried Unanimously

VI. Miscellaneous

Next meeting will be on November 17, 2021. City of Burnsville won 2021 Outstanding Conservationist Award from The Dakota County Soil and Water Conversation District.

No Formal Action Required

VII. <u>Adjournment</u>

Motion by Scott Thureen, second by Rollie Greeno, to adjourn at 5:20pm.

Ayes – Greeno, Hughes, Thureen, Nays – None

Motion Carried Unanimously



Accounts Payable - November 17, 2021 Meeting

Accounts Payable Tot	al\$	14,453.30
	\$	10,400.00
Website Redesign Landscaping for Clean Water Grants Technical x8 Technicial Assistance x8		4,000.00 2,000.00 4,000.00
Dakota County Soil & Water Website Updates & Maintenance		400.00
	\$	204.00
General Services - 10/07/21 - 10/21/2021	\$	204.00
Campbell Knutson		
	\$	3,849.30
Special Projects General Fund Reserve - Watershed Mgmt Plan Update	\$	1,311.00
Special Projects General Fund - Crystal Lake Mgmt Level Monitoring Special Projects Capital Improvement Fund - Keller Lake Alum Treatment	\$ \$	425.80
Engineering	ć	1 062 50



resourceful. naturally. engineering and environmental consultants

November 9, 2021

Black Dog Watershed Management Commission City of Burnsville 13713 Frontier Court Burnsville, MN 55337-4720

Attn: Mr. Daryl Jacobson

RE: Engineering & Environmental Consulting Services

Invoice of Account with BARR ENGINEERING COMPANY

For professional services during the period of October 2, 2021 through October 29, 2021

TOTAL PAYABLE THIS INVOICE:	\$ 3,849.30
Allocation:	
Engineering	\$ 1,062.50
Special Projects: General Fund	
Crystal Lk Monitoring	\$ 425.80
Special Projects: Capital Improvement Fund	
Keller Lk Alum Treatment	\$ 1,050.00
Special Projects: General Fund Reserve	
Watershed Management Update	\$ 1,311.00

Barr declares under the penalties of law that this account, claim, or demand is just and that no part of it has been paid.

Karen L. Chandler

Karen L. Chandler Vice President

Black Dog Watershed Management Commission BUDGET SUMMARY - 2021 FY through October 29, 2021

			Barr Budget				
	Pre-2021	Brought	Current	Total Barr	Current	Spent	
Work Description	Costs	Forward	Year	Budget	Invoice	This Year	Balance
Engineering		0.00	31,000.00	31,000.00	1,062.50	20,338.06	10,661.94
Special Projects: General Fund							
Reporting on Orchard Lk 2020 Water Quality Monitoring		0.00	4,500.00	4,500.00	0.00	4,126.00	374.00
Crystal Lake 2021 Mgmt Level Monitoring			18,800.00	18,800.00	425.80	13,459.56	5,340.44
Subtotal Special Projects: General Fund		0.00	23,300.00	23,300.00	425.80	17,585.56	5,714.44
Special Projects: Capital Improvement Fund							
Keller Lake Alum Treatment ¹			17,000.00	17,000.00	1,050.00	14,413.50	2,586.50
Subtotal Special Projects: Capital Improvement Fund		0.00	17,000.00	17,000.00	1,050.00	14,413.50	2,586.50
Special Projects: General Fund Reserve							
Watershed Management Plan Update ²	10,905.00		70,000.00	70,000.00	1,311.00	24,479.50	45,520.50
Subtotal Special Projects: General Fund Reserve		0.00	70,000.00	70,000.00	1,311.00	24,479.50	45,520.50
Water Quality Monitoring							
Reporting on 2020 Keller Lake Habitat Monitoring		0.00	8,000.00	8,000.00	0.00	7,983.50	16.50
2021 Kingsley Lake Habitat Monitoring		0.00	3,300.00	3,300.00	0.00	3,696.14	(396.14)
Update Trend Analyses		0.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.00
Subtotal W.Q. Monitoring		0.00	13,300.00	13,300.00	0.00	13,679.64	(379.64)
Public Education							
Watershed Annual Report	-	0.00	4,300.00	4,300.00	0.00	3,519.00	781.00
Annual Activity Report (BWSR)	1	0.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	1,461.50	538.50
Subtotal Public Education		0.00	6,300.00	6,300.00	0.00	4,980.50	1,319.50
Total Services		0.00	160,900.00	160,900.00	3,849.30	95,476.76	65,423.24

Notes:

¹ Keller Lake Alum Treatment 2021 budget increased from \$10,000 to \$17,000, per authorization at 9/15/2021 meeting

² Plan Update budget=\$98,200 (\$97,000 authorized at 11/18/2020 meeting, additional \$1,200 authorized at 1/20/2021 meeting), including \$10,000 budgeted in 2020



INVOICE

Barr Engineering Co. 4300 MarketPointe Drive, Suite 200 Minneapolis, MN 55435 Phone: 952-832-2600; Fax: 952-832-2601 FEIN #: 41-0905995 Inc: 1966

Mr. Daryl Jacobson Black Dog WMO City of Burnsville 13713 Frontier Court Burnsville, MN 55337-4720

November 9, 2021 Invoice No: 23190374.21 - 10

Total this Invoice \$1,062.50

Regarding: BDWMO 2021 Engineering Services

Job:	2021	Engineering Serv	vices			
Task:	001	Attend BDWMO	Meetings			
Labor Charges	751	Construction Const				
			Hours	Rate	Amount	
Principal					The reducts	
Chandler, I	Karen		1.40	185.00	259.00	
Engineer / Scie	ntist / Speci	ialist III	100 M 100	113. C.A.	CARAGE.	
Williams, S	terling		1.50	150.00	225.00	
			2.90		484.00	
	Subtota	l Labor				484.00
Expense Charges						
Travel						
10/20/2021	Chandle	er, Karen	Mileage		14.00	
	Subtota	al Expenses				14.00
				Task Su	ibtotal	\$498.00
Task:	002	Miscellaneous C	onsulting			
Labor Charges						
			Hours	Rate	Amount	
Principal						
Chandler, I	Karen		1.70	185.00	314.50	
Support Person	nnel II					
Nypan, Ny	ssa		2.50	100.00	250.00	
			4.20		564.50	
	Subtota	l Labor				564.50
				Task St	ubtotal	\$564.50
				Job St	ubtotal	\$1,062.50
				Total this I	nvoice	\$1,062.50
			120			
		Current	Prior	Total	Received	A/R Balance
						a last terms of the last state in the

Thank you in advance for the prompt processing of this invoice. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Chandler, your Barr project manager, at (952) 832-2813 or email at <u>kchandler@barr.com</u>.



INVOICE

Barr Engineering Co. 4300 MarketPointe Drive, Suite 200 Minneapolis, MN 55435 Phone: 952-832-2600; Fax: 952-832-2601 FEIN #: 41-0905995 Inc: 1966

Mr. Daryl Jacobson Black Dog WMO City of Burnsville 13713 Frontier Court Burnsville, MN 55337-4720

November 9, 2021	
Invoice No:	23190375.21 - 10

Total this Invoice \$425.80

Regarding: Management Level Water Quality Monitoring

Professional Services from October 2, 2021 to October 29, 2021

Job:	CRY	Crystal Lk 2021 Wa	ater Quality Monitor	ring		
Task:	100	Monitoring Data N	Igmt & Proj Mgmt			
Labor Charges						
			Hours	Rate	Amount	
Engineer / Scie	ntist / Speci	ialist III				
Olson, Ten	i		.10	150.00	15.00	
Technician I						
Schneider,	Anna		1.50	75.00	112.50	
Support Persor	nnel II					
Treanor, M	argaret		.70	115.00	80.50	
			2.30		208.00	
	Subtota	al Labor				208.00
Subconsultant Cha	arges					
Subconsultants	5					
10/6/2021	Pace An	alytical Services Inc			217.80	
	Subtota	al Subconsultant				217.80
				Task Su	ıbtotal	\$425.80
				Job Su	ubtotal	\$425.80
				Total this I	nvoice	\$425.80
		Current	Prior	Total	Received	A/R Balance
Invoiced to Date		425.80	17,159.76	17,585.56	17,159.76	425.80

Thank you in advance for the prompt processing of this invoice. If you have any questions, please contact Kevin Menken, your Barr project manager, at (952) 832-2794 or email at kmenken@barr.com.

PLEASE REMIT TO ABOVE ADDRESS and INCLUDE INVOICE NUMBER ON CHECK. Terms: Due upon receipt, 1 1/2% per month after 30 days. Please refer to the contract if other terms apply.



INVOICE

Barr Engineering Co. 4300 MarketPointe Drive, Suite 200 Minneapolis, MN 55435 Phone: 952-832-2600; Fax: 952-832-2601 FEIN #: 41-0905995 Inc: 1966

Mr. Daryl Jacobson Black Dog WMO City of Burnsville 13713 Frontier Court Burnsville, MN 55337-4720

November 9, 2021 Invoice No: 23190375.98 - 22

Total this Invoice \$1,050.00

Regarding: Keller Lake Alum Treatment

Job:	002	Feasibility & imple	mentation planning			
Task:	007	Admin/permitting	/oversight			
Labor Charg	es	Carlos Angles and				
			Hours	Rate	Amount	
Engineer	/ Scientist / Spec	ialist IV				
Wils	on, Gregory		5.50	175.00	962.50	
			5.50		962.50	
	Subtota	al Labor				962,50
				Task Su	btotal	\$962.50
				Job Su	btotal	\$962.50
Job:	003	BWSR Contract Ad	ministration			
Task:	001	BWSR Contract Ac	ministration			
Labor Charg	es					
			Hours	Rate	Amount	
Engineer	/ Scientist / Spec	ialist IV				
Wils	on, Gregory		.50	175.00	87.50	
			.50		87.50	
	Subtota	al Labor				87.50
				Task Su	ibtotal	\$87.50
				Job Su	ıbtotal	\$87.50
				Total this I	nvoice	\$1,050.00
		Current	Prior	Total	Received	A/R Balance
					The second second second	

Thank you in advance for the prompt processing of this invoice. If you have any questions, please contact Greg Wilson, your Barr project manager, at (952) 832-2672 or email at <u>gwilson@barr.com</u>.



INVOICE

Barr Engineering Co. 4300 MarketPointe Drive, Suite 200 Minneapolis, MN 55435 Phone: 952-832-2600; Fax: 952-832-2601 FEIN #: 41-0905995 Inc: 1966

Mr. Daryl Jacobson Black Dog WMO City of Burnsville 13713 Frontier Court Burnsville, MN 55337-4720

November 4, 2021	
Invoice No:	23191455.00 - 11

Total this Invoice \$1,311.00

Regarding: BDWMO 2022 Watershed Management Plan

Professional Services from October 2, 2021 to October 29, 2021 100 Stakeholder Engagement Job: Task: 004 TAC meetings Labor Charges Hours Rate Amount Principal Chandler, Karen 3.10 185.00 573.50 Engineer / Scientist / Specialist III Williams, Sterling 3.50 150.00 525.00 6.60 1,098.50 Subtotal Labor 1,098.50 **Task Subtotal** \$1,098.50 \$1,098.50 **Job Subtotal**

Job: 200 Draft Plan Development

Task: 002 Issues and Goals

Labor Charges					
		Hours	Rate	Amount	
Principal					
Chandler, Karen		.50	185.00	92.50	
Engineer / Scientist / Specialist III					
Williams, Sterling		.80	150.00	120.00	
		1.30		212.50	
Subtotal Labor					212.50
			Task Su	ibtotal	\$212.50
			Job Su	ibtotal	\$212.50
			Total this I	nvoice	\$1,311.00
	Current	Prior	Total	Received	A/R Balance
Invoiced to Date	1,311.00	24,102.50	25,413.50	24,102.50	1,311.00

Thank you in advance for the prompt processing of this invoice. If you have any questions, please contact Greg Williams, your Barr project manager, at (952) 832-2945 or email at <u>gwilliams@barr.com</u>.

PLEASE REMIT TO ABOVE ADDRESS and INCLUDE INVOICE NUMBER ON CHECK. Terms: Due upon receipt. 1 1/2% per month after 30 days. Please refer to the contract if other terms apply.





Dakota County Soil & Water Conservation District

4100 220th Street West, Ste 102 651-480-7777 Farmington, MN 55024

DATE	INVOICE #
10/28/2021	3130

BILL TO	
Black Dog WMO Daryl Jacobson, Administrator 13713 Frontier Court Burnsville, MN 55337	

		Reference		ERMS
ITEM CODE	DESCRIPTION	HOURS	RATE	AMOUNT
	July - September - 2021			
Black Dog Black Dog	Website Updates and Maintenance Website Redesign	5	80.00 4,000.00	400.00 4,000.00
Black Dog	Landscaping for Clean Water Grants Abramson, Henningson, Dillman, Cleveland, Jones, Spaulding, Field, Batz	8	250.00	2,000.00
Black Dog	Landscaping for Clean Water Grants Technical Assistance Abramson, Henningson, Dillman, Cleveland, Jones, Spaulding, Field, Batz	8	500.00	4,000.00
	Thank you.		Total	\$10.400.00

ABRAMSON RESIDENTIAL RAINGARDEN



- **PROJECT:** Installation of a 110 square foot residential raingarden.
- **COST:** Project materials cost estimated at \$1,668
- **FUNDING:** Landowners receive a \$250 Landscaping for Clean Water grant as well as technical assistance provided by the Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District



Dana Drive Burnsville



DAKOTA COUNTY

PRACTICE:

Raingarden

BENEFITS:

- Runoff volume reduction
- Improved water quality
- Improved wildlife habitat
- Opportunity for public education and outreach
- Improved aesthetics

PARTNERS:

 Black Dog Watershed Management Organization

WATERSHED:

Black Dog

INSTALLATION:

HENNINGSON

RESIDENTIAL NATIVE PLANTING



- **PROJECT:** Installation of a 500 sq. ft. residential native garden.
- COST: Project materials cost estimated at \$2,360
- **FUNDING:** Landowners receive a \$250 Landscaping for Clean Water grant as well as technical assistance provided by the Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District



LOCATION:

Kenosha Ave Burnsville





PRACTICE:

Native Planting

BENEFITS:

- Runoff volume reduction
- Slope stabilization
- Improved wildlife habitat
- Opportunity for public education and outreach
- Improved aesthetics

PARTNERS:

 Black Dog Watershed Management Organization

WATERSHED:

Black Dog

INSTALLATION:

DILLMAN **NATIVE SHORELINE PLANTING**



- PROJECT: Installation of a 620 square foot Native Shoreline Planting
- **COST:** Project materials cost estimated at \$1,096
- **FUNDING:** Landowners receive a \$250 Landscaping for Clean Water grant as well as technical assistance provided by the Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District



LOCATION:

Keller Lake Road Burnsville





PRACTICE:

Native Shoreline Planting

BENEFITS:

- Shoreline stabilization and erosion reduction
- Improved water quality
- Improved wildlife habitat
- Opportunity for public education and outreach
- Improved aesthetics

PARTNERS:

 Black Dog Watershed Management Organization

WATERSHED:

Black Dog

INSTALLATION:

CLEVELAND

RESIDENTIAL RAINGARDEN



- **PROJECT:** Installation of a 500 square foot residential raingarden.
- **COST:** Project materials cost estimated at \$2,175.00
- **FUNDING:** Landowners receive a \$250 Landscaping for Clean Water grant as well as technical assistance provided by the Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District



LOCATION: Crystal Lake Rd E Burnsville



DAKOTA COUNTY



PRACTICE:

Raingarden

BENEFITS:

- Runoff volume reduction
- Improved water quality
- Improved wildlife habitat
- Opportunity for public education and outreach
- Improved aesthetics

PARTNERS:

 Black Dog Watershed Management Organization

WATERSHED:

Black Dog

INSTALLATION:

JONES RESIDENTIAL NATIVE GARDEN



- **PROJECT:** Installation of a 150 sq. ft. residential native garden.
- COST: Project materials cost estimated at \$588
- **FUNDING:** Landowners receive a \$250 Landscaping for Clean Water grant as well as technical assistance provided by the Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District



LOCATION:

Big Oak Drive Burnsville



DAKOTA COUNTY



PRACTICE:

Native Garden

BENEFITS:

- Runoff volume reduction
- Slope stabilization
- Improved wildlife habitat
- Opportunity for public education and outreach
- Improved aesthetics

PARTNERS:

 Black Dog Watershed Management Organization

WATERSHED:

Black Dog

INSTALLATION:

• Summer 2021

SPAULDING

RESIDENTIAL RAINGARDEN



- **PROJECT:** Installation of a 650 square foot residential raingarden.
- **COST:** Project materials cost estimated at \$2,214.00
- **FUNDING:** Landowners receive a \$250 Landscaping for Clean Water grant as well as technical assistance provided by the Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District



LOCATION: Keating Court Burnsville



DAKOTA COUNTY



PRACTICE:

Raingarden

BENEFITS:

- Runoff volume reduction
- Improved water quality
- Improved wildlife habitat
- Opportunity for public education and outreach
- Improved aesthetics

PARTNERS:

 Black Dog Watershed Management Organization

WATERSHED:

Black Dog

INSTALLATION:

• Summer 2021

FIELD RESIDENTIAL NATIVE GARDEN



PROJECT: Installation of a 100 sq. ft. residential native garden.

- COST: Project materials cost estimated at \$293
- **FUNDING:** Landowners receive a \$250 Landscaping for Clean Water grant as well as technical assistance provided by the Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District



LOCATION:

Ravoux Ave Burnsville



DAKOTA COUNTY



PRACTICE:

Native Garden

BENEFITS:

- Runoff volume reduction
- Slope stabilization
- Improved wildlife habitat
- Opportunity for public education and outreach
- Improved aesthetics

PARTNERS:

 Black Dog Watershed Management Organization

WATERSHED:

Black Dog

INSTALLATION:

• Summer 2021

BATZ RESIDENTIAL RAINGARDEN



- **PROJECT:** Installation of a 250 sq. ft. residential raingarden.
- COST: Project materials cost estimated at \$961
- **FUNDING:** Landowners receive a \$250 Landscaping for Clean Water grant as well as technical assistance provided by the Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District



LOCATION: Birchwood Lane Burnsville



DAKOTA COUNTY



PRACTICE:

Raingarden

BENEFITS:

- Runoff volume reduction
- Improved water quality
- Improved wildlife habitat
- Opportunity for public education and outreach
- Improved aesthetics

PARTNERS:

 Black Dog Watershed Management Organization

WATERSHED:

Black Dog

INSTALLATION:

CAMPBELL KNUTSON Professional Association Attorneys at Law Federal Tax I.D. #41-1562130 Grand Oak Office Center I 860 Blue Gentian Road, Suite 290 Eagan, Minnesota 55121 (651) 452-5000

Black Dog Watershed Management Organization Attention: Daryl Jacobson City of Burnsville 100 Civic Center Parkway Burnsville MN 55337-3817 Page: 1 October 31, 2021 Account # 602-0000G 368

RE: GENERAL SERVICES RENDERED TO DATE:

			HOURS	
10/07/2021	777	Review agenda.	0.20	34.00
10/20/2021	JJJ	Review agenda materials.	0.30	51.00
	777	Board meeting and follow-ups.	0.70	119.00
		AMOUNT DUE	1.20	204.00
		TOTAL CURRENT WORK		204.00
		PREVIOUS BALANCE		\$459.00
10/21/2021		Payment - thank you		-459.00
		TOTAL AMOUNT DUE		\$204.00

11-10-21

Amounts due over 30 days will be subject to a finance charge of .5% per month (or an annual rate of 6%). Minimum charge - 50 cents.

BLACK DOG WMO CASH ACTIVITY REPORT 2021

						Expenditures:										
					Monthly	General	Special	Special	Special					Water		
				Check	Cash	Engineering	Projects	Projects	Projects		Legal	Admin	Public	Quality	Conf	Contin-
Date	Description	Deposits	Check #	Amount	Balance	Support	(General)	(Capital)	(Gen. Reserve)	Insurance	& Audit	Support	Education	Monitoring	Public	gency
	Balance as of 12/31/20				572,983.92											
20-Jan	Barr Engineering Co (2020)		1745	4.253.50		2.637.50	1.508.00	-	-					108.00		
20-Jan	Campbell Knutson (2020)		1746	85.00		,	,				85.00					
20-Jan	Met Council - Environ Services	s (2020)	1747	3,040.00										3,040.00		
31-Jan	Interest Income	9.67														
	01/31/20 Balance	9.67		7.378.50	565.615.09	2.637.50	1,508,00	_	-	-	85.00	-	-	3.148.00	-	_
				.,	,	_,	,							-,		
17-Feb	Barr Engineering Co		1748	5,732.00		2,284.00	89.50	1,155.00	1,186.00				-	1,017.50		
17-Feb	Campbell Knutson		1749	340.00							340.00					
17-Feb	City of Burnsville (2020)		1750	19,101.21								19,101.21				
17-Feb	Dakota County Soil & Water (20	2020)	1751	2,765.00			2,250.00	-	-				515.00			
28-Feb	Interest Income	8.72														
	02/28/20 Balance	8.72		27,938.21	537,685.60	2,284.00	2,339.50	1,155.00	1,186.00	-	340.00	19,101.21	515.00	1,017.50	-	-
17-Mar	Barr Engineering		1752	11,973.00		1,912.00	2,084.00	525.00	1,232.00		-		483.50	5,736.50		
31-Mar	Interest Income	8.17														
	03/31/20 Balance	8.17		11,973.00	525,720.77	1,912.00	2,084.00	525.00	1,232.00	-	-	-	483.50	5,736.50	-	-
21-Anr	Barr Engineering		1753	15 238 00		3 632 50	2 1/1 50	350.00	2 736 00				3 /61 00	2 917 00		
21-Apr 21-Apr	Campbell Knutson		1754	391.00		3,032.00	2,141.00	550.00	2,730.00		391.00		3,401.00	2,317.00		
30-Apr	Interest Income	4 22	1734	331.00							331.00					
007.01																
	04/30/20 Balance	4.22		15,629.00	510,095.99	3,632.50	2,141.50	350.00	2,736.00	-	391.00	-	3,461.00	2,917.00	-	-
19-May	Barr Engineering		1755	7 563 04		1 296 00	854 54	_	4 212 00				888.00	312 50		
19-May	Dakota County Soil & Water Co	onservation	1756	680.00		-	-	-	-				680.00	-		
31-May	Interest Income	4.35														
	05/31/20 Balance	4.35		8 243 04	501,857,30	1 296 00	854 54	_	4 212 00	_	-	_	1 568 00	312 50	_	_
				0,210.01		1,200.00	001101		1,212.00				1,000.00	012.00		
16-Jun	Barr Engineering		1757	5,997.32		2,564.50	1,830.82	-	1,085.00				148.00	369.00		
16-Jun	Campbell Knutson		1758	238.00							238.00					
30-Jun	Interest Income	4.21														
	06/30/20 Balance	4.21		6,235.32	495,626.19	2,564.50	1,830.82	-	1,085.00	-	238.00	-	148.00	369.00	-	-
21-Jul	Barr Engineering		1759	9,460.56		1,199.50	2,118.90	-	4,519.00				-	1,623.16		
21-Jul	Campbell Knutson		1760	425.00							425.00					
31-Jul	Interest Income	4.31														
	07/31/20 Balance	4.31		9,885.56	485,744.94	1,199.50	2,118.90	-	4,519.00	-	425.00	-	-	1,623.16	-	-
10			4704	10,000,00		4 777 60	2 4 4 4 0 4	1 000 00						1 700 00		
18-Aug	Dati Eligineening	onserv Dict	1/01	10,009.02		1,777.50	3,111.04	1,330.00	∠,086.50				10.090.00	1,703.98		
31-Aug	Interest Income	1 N3	1702	10,030.00			130.00		-				10,000.00			
UT Aug		+.00					0.004						10.000			
	08/31/20 Balance	4.03		20,839.02	464,909.95	1,777.50	3,861.04	1,330.00	2,086.50	-	-	-	10,080.00	1,703.98	-	-

BLACK DOG WMO CASH ACTIVITY REPORT 2021

Date 15-Sep	Description Barr Engineering	Deposits	Check # 1763	Check Amount 11,255.34	Monthly Cash Balance	Expenditures: General Engineering Support 2,310.94	Special Projects (General) 2,252.40	Special Projects (Capital) 3,171.50	Special Projects (Gen. Reserve) 3,520.50	Insurance	Legal & Audit	Admin Support	Public Education	Water Quality Monitoring	Conf Public	Contin- gency
15-Sep 9-Sep 28-Sep 28-Sep 30-Sep	League of MN Cities Insurance I City of Lakeville City of Apple Valley City of Eagan Interest Income	rust 30,101.00 12,262.00 580.00 4.02	1764	2,701.00						2,701.00						
	09/30/20 Balance	42,947.02		13,956.34	493,900.63	2,310.94	2,252.40	3,171.50	3,520.50	2,701.00	-	-		-		-
20-Oct 20-Oct 20-Oct 30-Oct 31-Oct	Barr Engineering Campbell Knutson HAB Aquatic Solutions City of Burnsville Interest Income	110,057.00 4.96	1765 1766 1767	14,399.18 459.00 110,658.00		2,298.62 -	2,677.06	6,832.00 110,658.00	2,591.50		459.00			-	-	
	10/31/20 Balance	110,061.96		125,516.18	478,446.41	2,298.62	2,677.06	117,490.00	2,591.50	-	459.00	-		-		-
	Total Revenue Less: 2020 A/R	153,056.66 -	Total Expense Less: 2020 A/P	247,594.17 (29,244.71)		21,913.06 (2,637.50)	21,667.76 (3,758.00)	124,021.50 -	23,168.50 -	2,701.00	1,938.00 (85.00)	19,101.21 (19,101.21)	16,255.50 (515.00)	16,827.64 (3,148.00)	-	-
	Total YTD 2020 Revenue	153,056.66	Total YTD 2021 Exp 2021 Budget Budget Remaining	218,349.46 214,500.00 (3,849.00)		19,275.56 31,000.00 11.724.00	17,909.76 36,800.00 18,890.24	124,021.50 10,000.00 (114,021,50)	23,168.50 70,000.00 46,831.50	2,701.00 3,000.00 299.00	1,853.00 5,000.00 3,147.00	- 18,000.00 18,000.00	15,740.50 18,100.00 2,359,50	13,679.64 17,100.00 3,420.36	- 500.00 500.00	- 5,000.00 5,000.00

BLACK DOG WATER MANAGEMENT COMMISSION

Budget Performance Report October 31, 2021

	CURRENT MONTH			YEAR TO DATE										
	<u>م</u>	CTUAL	GENERAL FUND BUDGET		CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND BUDGET			ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)					
Opening Fund Balance			\$	421,605	\$	122,135	\$	543,739						
REVENUES :														
Member Contributions: City of Apple Valley City of Burnsville City of Eagan City of Lakeville	\$	- 110,057 - -	\$	10,489 93,924 580 26,007	\$	1,773 16,133 - 4,094	\$	12,262 110,057 580 30,101	\$	-				
Total Member Contributions		110,057		131,000		22,000		153,000		-				
Other Revenues: Interest Grant (State of MN BWSR)	\$	5	\$	40 -	\$	-	\$	57	\$	17				
Total Other Revenue	-	5		40		-		57		17				
Total Revenues	\$	110,062	\$	131,040	\$	22,000	\$	153,057	\$	17				
EXPENDITURES :														
General Engineering Support Special Projects - General Fund Special Projects - Capital Improveme Special Projects - General Fund Rese Insurance Legal and Audit Administrative Support Public Education Water Quality Monitoring Conference/Publications Contingency Total Expenditures	\$ ent Fund erve	2,299 2,677 117,490 2,592 - 459 - - - - - 125,516	\$	31,000 36,800 - 70,000 3,000 5,000 18,000 18,100 17,100 500 5,000 204,500	\$	- 10,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	19,276 17,910 124,022 23,169 2,701 1,853 - 15,741 13,680 - - 218,349	\$	11,724 18,890 (114,022) 46,832 299 3,147 18,000 2,360 3,420 500 5,000 (3,849)				
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(15,454)		(73,460)		12,000		(65,293)						

EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES PLUS OPENING FUND BALANCE

478,446

 TOTAL CASH AVAILABLE 10/31/2021
 478,446

 Fund Balance 10/31/2021
 _\$ 478,446

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
- *Italic with yellow highlight* indicates a note for Commissioners/staff/TAC consideration

4.0 Goals and Policies – Clean Version

This section sets goals and policies that reflect the mission of the BDWMO and the vision for its water resources. The section also sets goals for specific waterbodies, managing stormwater runoff, controlling erosion, preserving wetlands, enhancing wildlife habitat and recreational opportunities, education and public involvement, performance evaluation, and financing of the implementation program. The goals are followed by policies that provide specific methods of achieving the goals and serve as decision making guidelines.

4.1 WATER QUALITY

4.1.1 Goals

- Maintain or improve water quality in BDWMO strategic waterbodies to meet applicable state standards, including:
 - Keller Lake achieve applicable state water quality standards (summer average of 60 ug/L total phosphorus and 1.0 m Secchi disc transparency)
 - o Crystal Lake TBD based on existing WQ data
 - Kingsley Lake TBD based on existing WQ data
 - Lac Lavon TBD based on existing WQ data
 - Orchard Lake TBD based on existing WQ data
- Cooperate with member cities to achieve stormwater sediment loading goals consistent with member city MS4 permits to protect and improve local water resources and the Minnesota River.
- Cooperate with member cities to achieve stormwater phosphorus loading goals consistent with member city MS4 permits to protect and improve local water resources and the Minnesota River.
- Work with member cities to reduce chloride loading relative to current conditions through practices consistent with the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area Chloride Management Plan (MPCA, 2016).

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
- *Italic with yellow highlight* indicates a note for Commissioners/staff/TAC consideration

4.1.2 Policies

- The BDWMO and member cities will cooperate to manage strategic waterbodies. The BDWMO identified and will maintain a list of "strategic waterbodies." The BDWMO defined strategic waterbodies as those meeting specific criteria (see Section 1.9 and Table 1-6). As of the development of this Plan, BDWMO strategic waterbodies include:
 - a. Crystal Lake,
 - b. Orchard Lake,
 - c. Keller Lake,
 - d. Kingsley Lake, and
 - e. Lac Lavon.
- All waterbodies in the BDWMO will be classified and managed according to either the BDWMO waterbody classification system or the city's wetland classification system (see member city management plans). The BDWMO will classify strategic waterbodies; member cities will classify all other waterbodies. The BDWMO waterbody classification is described in Section 1.9.1 and Table 1-7 and includes the following classifications:
 - **Category I** these water bodies support swimming and other direct contact recreational activities. These waterbodies have the highest/best water quality and are usually the most popular water bodies with the public.
 - **Category II** these water bodies support indirect recreational activities (e.g., boating and fishing). These waterbodies have poorer water quality than Category I waterbodies, but are still popular with the public.
 - **Category III** these water bodies provide wildlife habitat, aesthetic enjoyment, and possibly warm-water fishing. These waterbodies may have poorer water quality than Category I and II waterbodies and typically are not viewed as swimmable
 - **Category IV** water bodies in this category are typically water quality ponds used as nutrient and sediment traps to reduce downstream loading of sediment and/or phosphorus and other nutrients that contribute to degradation of water quality.

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
- *Italic with yellow highlight* indicates a note for Commissioners/staff/TAC consideration
 - 3. The BDWMO will cooperate with the affected communities and the MPCA in developing TMDLs and associated implementation plans for impaired water bodies within the BDWMO, as needed. BDWMO roles may include financial support, technical assistance, developing the TMDL and/or implementation plan, and other appropriate activities.
 - 4. At least biennially, the BDWMO will discuss water quality issues in the Credit River watershed downstream of the BDWMO with the Scott WMO.
 - 5. The BDWMO will monitor the water quality, algal community, and aquatic vegetation of its strategic waterbodies per the scope and schedule described in Section XX of this Plan (*reference to implementation section*), as amended. The BDWMO will prepare a report summarizing the results of the previous year's monitoring; the report will include available data regarding other biological indicators, such as fisheries. The BDWMO will post these reports on its website. The BDWMO will make monitoring data publicly available and provide data to the MPCA. *Description of monitoring program will be moved to a subsection of the implementation section or an appendix*.
 - 6. The BDWMO will assess BDWMO and publicly available (e.g., CAMP monitoring) to calculate and annually assess water quality trends for strategic water bodies. When statistically significant trends (see Section X) are identified, the BDWMO will coordinate with member cities to identify appropriate follow-up actions, if needed.
 - 7. The BDWMO may recommend actions or projects for strategic waterbodies, as necessary, following the identification of impairment(s) or statistically significant degrading trends in water quality. These projects will be included or added to the BDWMO CIP. Member cities will perform actions or projects recommended by the BDWMO. If a city does not include a recommended action or project for a strategic resource in its CIP within 18 months, the BDWMO may undertake the recommended action or project. In this situation, the BDWMO will assess the project costs back to the affected member cities, in accordance with the joint powers agreement. In accordance with the joint powers agreement, any member city may appeal cost allocation decisions made by the BDWMO.

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
- *Italic with yellow highlight* indicates a note for Commissioners/staff/TAC consideration
 - The BDWMO will limit its water quality management roles not explicitly defined in this Plan and associated implementation schedule to those involving intercommunity watersheds, or those requested by the affected member cities. *Consider moving this policy as an addition to policy #9 regarding management activities for strategic waterbodies.*
 - 9. The BDWMO will continue to cooperate with the member cities and other partners, as appropriate, to implement projects to address water quality issues in strategic waterbodies. BDWMO involvement may include assisting in allocating project costs among the member cities, technical assistance/review, public engagement, seeking and managing grants, and other roles, as appropriate.
 - Member cities (or other MS4s) shall be responsible for the implementation of BMPs that will help achieve the wasteload allocations required by TMDLs. The BDWMO will fund and implement internal load reduction projects stemming from TMDLs for lakes with intercommunity shoreline (see also Section 4.7.4, Policy 8 – *reference to be updated*).
 - 11. The BDWMO will partner with the Dakota County SWCD or other organizations to sponsor and implement small-scale water quality improvement projects through existing cost share and assistance programs (e.g., Dakota County Landscaping for clean water).
 - 12. Member cities are responsible for managing "non-strategic" water bodies. City management of these water bodies may include classifying, monitoring, tracking trends, conducting studies, and implementing water quality management actions. Relevant activities shall be reported in the city's local water management plan.
 - 13. Member cities shall limit chloride use to the extent practicable through implementation of practices recommended in the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area Chloride Management Plan and/or other relevant guidance.
 - 14. Member cities are encouraged to maximize the use of infiltration techniques to address water quality issues, consistent with the guidance and limitations detailed in the MPCA Minimum Impact Design Standards (MIDS), NPDES Construction Stormwater General Permit, and MS4 General Permit.
 - 15. The member cities shall share water quality data and trend analyses with the BDWMO, as available.

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
- *Italic with yellow highlight* indicates a note for Commissioners/staff/TAC consideration
 - 16. The BDWMO will work with member cities to identify water quality improvement opportunities in redevelopment areas and help secure funding for such projects, as requested.

4.2 WATER QUANTITY AND FLOODING

4.2.1 Goals

- Achieve no net increase in intercommunity peak stormwater flow rates.
- Reduce the number and/or flood risk of habitable structures within the floodplain in cooperation with member cities.

4.2.2 Policies

- The BDWMO will serve as a facilitator for intercommunity water quantity issues (issues where the tributary watershed spans more than one city or outflows cross city/county/WMO boundaries). As facilitator, the BDWMO will assist in fairly allocating costs among the member cities for intercommunity flood risk reduction projects (see Financing Policies, Section 4.7.4 #5 – *reference to be updated*).
- The BDWMO encourages cities to promote the use of low impact development (LID) to reduce stormwater runoff volume (including opportunities to reduce impervious surfaces) and amend local development regulations (e.g., zoning/subdivision ordinances) remove/reduce obstacles to LID practices. Examples of methods to reduce impervious surfaces include:
 - Reducing road widths, such as reducing drive and parking lanes widths and allowing parking on only one side of a residential street.
 - Reducing the number and/or size of parking spaces required and the width of parking lot access lanes.
 - Reducing sidewalk widths.
 - Eliminating minimum parking space requirements.
 - Creating a smaller building footprint (e.g., building two-story houses instead of one-story houses). *Consider deleting as this seems less reasonable to implement*
 - Installing semipermeable/permeable paving, where feasible (e.g., overflow parking lots).

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
- *Italic with yellow highlight* indicates a note for Commissioners/staff/TAC consideration
 - Planting trees.
 - The BDWMO encourages the member cities to reduce peak discharge rates wherever possible, beyond minimum required performance standards (see Section 4.9 – BDWMO Performance Standards).
 - 4. Member cities shall evaluate the impact of increasing the drainage area to landlocked basins, including effects on flooding, as part of project review. Member cities shall consider the effects of water level fluctuations on trees, vegetation, erosion, and public safety when considering proposed changes to the hydrology of landlocked basins.
 - 5. Member cities shall estimate and consider the water quality and flood risk impacts of proposed outlets from landlocked basins on intercommunity flows and/or strategic waterbodies prior to construction of the outlets. If analyses indicate adverse effects on water quality or increased flood risk, the city must consult with the BDWMO prior to construction.
 - 6. Member cities shall consider the effects of events larger than the 100-year event, prolonged periods of wet conditions, high runoff volume events (e.g., snowmelt events that last for many weeks), and potential impacts of climate change when setting minimum building elevations. Higher minimum building elevations should be considered for structures adjacent to ponding areas with large tributary watersheds and for structures adjacent to landlocked basins.

4.3 EROSION/SEDIMENTATION

4.3.1 Goals

- Limit and/or decrease erosion and sedimentation through continued implementation of local controls consistent with minimum state standards.
- Cooperate with member cities to achieve stormwater sediment loading goals consistent with member city MS4 permits to protect and improve local water resources and the Minnesota River. *Repeat from WQ section*

4.3.2 Policies

1. The BDWMO will facilitate intercommunity erosion and sediment control projects by performing studies, preliminary designs, feasibility reports, and calculating the cost apportionment between cities, as requested by the cities.

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
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 - 2. The BDWMO requires conveyance system discharges to be designed so as to prevent or minimize the potential for bank, channel, or shoreline erosion.
 - 3. Member cities shall consider the following in the design and construction of shoreline stabilization measures:
 - a. unique or special site conditions,
 - b. energy dissipation potential,
 - c. preservation of ecological functions and habitat, and
 - d. use of natural materials, bioengineering methods, and aesthetics.
 - 4. Member cities shall continue managing erosion and sediment control through local regulatory controls consistent with their NPDES MS4 permit and the NDPES Construction Stormwater General Permit. Procedures for reviewing, approving, and enforcing erosion and sediment control plans shall be described in local water management plans.

4.4 WETLAND MANAGEMENT

4.4.1 Goals

- Promote improving the ecological function of wetlands for water retention, recharge, soil conservation, habitat, aesthetics, and water quality improvement through XXXX action(s) (actions could be education related, # of improvement projects, etc.)
- Pursue no net loss of wetlands in the BDWMO through continued City implementation of the Wetland Conservation Act (WCA), participation in technical evaluation panels (TEPs), and other wetland management roles.

4.4.2 Policies

- 1. The BDWMO defers local governmental unit (LGU) authority for administering the Wetland Conservation Act (WCA) to member cities and MnDOT (which administers the WCA within its right-of-way). The BDWMO will not seek to manage individual wetlands. In compliance with WCA, LGUs must protect wetlands from impacts in the following order: avoid, minimize, mitigate.
- 2. 2Member cities will maintain local official controls to protect and manage wetlands at least as stringent as current performance standards (see Table XX),

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
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including wetland buffer widths based on protection level or management classification, but not less than XX feet.

- 3. Member cities' official controls to protect and manage wetlands shall be based on comprehensive wetland management plans or wetland functions and values assessments.
- 4. Member cities shall maintain an inventory of wetlands, including assessment of functions and values, either as part of a comprehensive wetland management plan or on an as-needed basis (e.g., as part of development/redevelopment project review).
- 5. Member cities shall use a wetland classification system similar to MnRAM3for wetland management purposes.
- 6. The member cities may request that the BDWMO classify and set goals for specific wetlands; the BDWMO commissioners will decide whether to take on the responsibility, if requested.

4.5 SHORELAND, HABITAT AND OPEN SPACE MANAGEMENT

- 4.5.1 Goals
 - Promote improved shoreline integrity and the ecological functions of healthy shorelines through XXXX action(s) (actions could be education related, # of improvement projects, etc.)
 - Maintain or improve the ecological and habitat quality of BDWMO strategic waterbodies as quantified through the BDWMO habitat monitoring program, with the following targets established: *Individual lake targets TBD*
 - Support member city and partner actions to preserve and enhance recreational opportunities within the BDWMO *May be included as policy vs goal*.
 - Support member city and partners actions to prevent the increase or reduce the occurrence of aquatic invasive species within BDWMO strategic waterbodies.
 - Support member city and partners actions to increase the amount and diversity of native vegetation within BDWMO strategic waterbodies. *May be combined with quantitative goal above if targets include vegetative diversity*

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4.5.2 Policies

- 1. The BDWMO promotes the protection of non-disturbed shoreland areas, restoration of disturbed shorelines, and the establishment of vegetated buffers along shorelines through support of existing cost-share programs, technical assistance for member cities, and pursuit of grant and cost-share funding for shoreline restoration projects.
- 2. The BDWMO will continue to monitor aquatic vegetation, algal community, and/or additional ecologic factors per the scope and schedule described in Section XX of this Plan *(reference to monitoring section)*, as amended. The BDWMO will prepare a report summarizing the results of the previous year's monitoring; the report will include available data regarding other biological indicators, such as fisheries. The BDWMO will post these reports on its website.
- 3. The BDWMO will consider publicly available data to identify "reference lakes" in order to establish habitat, fishery, and/or ecological health goals for strategic waterbodies.
- 4. Member cities shall minimize impacts to and will restore to the extent practicable shoreline vegetation during and after construction projects.
- 5. The BDWMO will coordinate and collaborate with member cities, Dakota SWCD, and other partners to encourage public and private landowners to maintain wetlands and open space areas for the benefit of wildlife through education and by providing information on various grant and cost-share programs.
- 6. The BDWMO encourages member cities to address disturbed shoreland areas in local water management plans. This may include identification, ranking, and mapping of disturbed shoreland areas.
- 7. Member cities shall maintain and enforce official controls addressing shoreland areas consistent with state requirements.
- Member cities shall manage all Category I-III waterbodies (see Table 1-7) to preserve and promote biodiversity, habitat quality, end ecological functions. *Consider moving to habitat section*

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
- *Italic with yellow highlight* indicates a note for Commissioners/staff/TAC consideration
 - 9. Member cities shall consider opportunities to maintain, restore, or enhance natural areas, wetlands, and/or habitat functions as part of stormwater infrastructure projects, redevelopment, or other appropriate projects.:
 - Member cities shall consider opportunities to enhance recreational functions of natural areas and waterbodies, where appropriate, as part of stormwater infrastructure projects, redevelopment, or other appropriate projects <u>New policy</u> <u>specifically noting recreational use added for consideration</u>

4.6 GROUNDWATER

4.6.1 Goals

- Promote the protection of groundwater quality and quantity through annual collaboration with Dakota County, Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, and/or other agencies managing groundwater.
- Promote groundwater conservation and water reuse through at least XX education and outreach activities per year.

4.6.2 Policies

- The BDWMO encourages member cities to provide increased green space, grassed waterways, native vegetation, and infiltration facilities wherever such actions are possible consistent with guidance and restrictions of the MPCA's Minimal Impact Design Standards, NPDES Construction Stormwater General Permit, and MS4 General Permit.
- 2. The BDWMO will work with member cities, Dakota County, and other partners in efforts to promote awareness of groundwater resource issues through public education programs, data sharing, and other information programs.
- 3. The BDWMO will support Dakota County in the implementation of the Dakota County 2020-2030 Groundwater Plan, through participation in planning efforts, data sharing, technical assistance or other appropriate actions, as requested.
- 4. The BDWMO and member cities shall promote groundwater conservation and small-scale water reuse (e.g., rain barrels) through education and outreach and

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support of local cost-share programs (e.g., Dakota SWCD Landscaping for Clean Water).

- 5. The BDWMO encourages member cities to protect recharge areas and groundwater resources from potential sources of contamination, including contamination associated with the infiltration of stormwater, through appropriate spill and contamination prevention measures and other activities consistent with member city MS4 permits.
- 6. Member cities shall continue their management programs and ordinances pertaining to subsurface sewage treatment systems (SSTS), consistent with state and local rules and shall follow the Metropolitan Council's Waste Discharge Rules regarding requirements and timing of connections to sanitary sewer service.

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
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4.9 BDWMO PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

The BDWMO requires the policies, standards and criteria presented in this section, or an approved equivalent, to be incorporated into each city's local water management plan during the local plan's next revision. The BDWMO expects that member cities will implement the standards within two years of approval of the BDWMO plan, regardless of the local plan revision schedule.

4.9.1 Policies

- Member cities shall maintain or strengthen stormwater management, erosion and sediment control, wetland, floodplain and shoreland official controls. Member cities shall notify the BDWMO of updates to relevant local controls. The BDWMO reserves the right to review these regulations or other regulations affecting the BDWMO water resources for compliance with this Plan.
- 2. The BDWMO requires that any project disturbing more than 1 acre (or part of a larger project exceeding 1 acre of land disturbance) shall be subject to/trigger the appropriate member city's local performance standards for rate control, volume control, and permanent water quality treatment, as shown in Table 3-2.
- 3. The BDWMO requires that all new, reconstructed, or redeveloped stormwater management facilities (e.g., pipes, ponds, treatment facilities) conform to the policies presented in this plan.
- 4. For new, reconstructed, or redeveloped stormwater discharge points/outfalls, member cities must provide pretreatment of stormwater prior to its discharge to category I-III water bodies and wetlands, the Black Dog Fen, and trout streams.
- 5. The member cities are encouraged to provide or require (e.g., during redevelopment) pretreatment of stormwater runoff for existing inlets to the stormwater system that receive direct stormwater runoff (i.e., no pretreatment) and are likely to see the greatest benefit from water quality improvement BMPs.
- 6. The City of Lakeville shall restrict the Orchard Lake outlet to maintain its peak outflow at 65 cfs to help prevent capacity and erosion problems downstream in Credit River Township and the City of Savage.
- 7. The BDWMO requires that the level of protection along all trunk conveyors, streams, and channels and around all wetlands, ponds, detention basins, and lakes

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
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resulting from the construction or redevelopment of stormwater management facilities be based on the critical-duration 100-year flood.

- 8. The BDWMO requires that new or redeveloped non-trunk stormwater facilities provide discharge capacity for the critical-duration runoff event that is not less than a five-year frequency event, preferably a 10-year frequency event (level of service).
- 9. Where proposed development, redevelopment, and infrastructure projects are unable to meet the performance standards documented in this Plan, member cities shall seek input from BDWMO regarding project acceptability.
 - •
- 10. Member cities shall ensure that proposed development, redevelopment, and/or infrastructure projects will not increase downstream flood risk relative to existing conditions.
- 11. Member cities shall incorporate emergency overflow structures (i.e., swales, spillways), where feasible, into pond outlet structure designs to minimize flood risk resulting from storms larger than the 100-year event or plugged outlet conditions.
- 12. Member cities shall secure easements or fee title to the stormwater system as areas develop or redevelop.
- 13. Member cities shall require maintenance agreements for privately owned stormwater facilities that identify maintenance activities and the responsible party.
- 14. The BDWMO encourages the member cities to incorporate multi-stage outlets into their pond designs to control flows from smaller, less frequent storms and help maintain base flows in downstream open channels. The BDWMO will cooperate with member cities to identify or evaluate designs intended to achieve this goal. Suggest moving recommendations to other sections and including only requirements in the Performance Standards section.
- 15. Member cities shall require minimum building elevations (including basement) at least one foot above the critical 100-year flood elevation for structures adjacent to inundation areas.

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
- Proposed edits to policies are shown with changes accepted for clarity; a "tracked changes" copy will also be provided
- *Italic with yellow highlight* indicates a note for Commissioners/staff/TAC consideration
 - 16. The BDWMO requires the following rate control standards:
 - For new development and redevelopment, the peak stormwater runoff rate shall not exceed the existing peak rate for the 2-year, 10-year, and the 100-year storm events. "Subwatershed" may be the project site, or may be an area of greater size for which an approved local water management plan meets this criterion.
 - Analysis of peak stormwater rates shall be performed using a hydrograph method based on sound hydrologic theory and Atlas 14 (or more recent) precipitation data.
 - Rates may be further restricted when the capacity of the downstream conveyance system is limited.
 - 17. Member cities shall be responsible for operating and maintaining city-owned stormwater facilities to achieve the intended water quality improvement, flood risk reduction, and other beneficial functions originally intended.
 - 18. Structural BMPs that treat stormwater shall conform to standard engineering practices documented in the Minnesota Stormwater Manual or equivalent design standard.
 - 19. Member cities will maintain local official controls to protect and manage wetlands at least as stringent as current performance standards (see Table XX), including wetland buffer widths based on protection level or management classification, but not less than XX feet.
 - •
 - •

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
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4.0 Goals and Policies – Tracked Changes Version

This section sets goals and policies that reflect the mission of the BDWMO and the vision for its water resources. The section also sets goals for specific waterbodies, managing stormwater runoff, controlling erosion, preserving wetlands, enhancing wildlife habitat and recreational opportunities, education and public involvement, performance evaluation, and financing of the implementation program. The goals are followed by policies that provide specific methods of achieving the goals and serve as decision making guidelines.

4.1 WATER QUALITY

4.1.1 Goals

- Maintain or improve water quality in BDWMO strategic waterbodies to meet applicable state standards, including:
 - Keller Lake achieve applicable state water quality standards (summer average of 60 ug/L total phosphorus and 1.0 m Secchi disc transparency)
 - o Crystal Lake TBD based on existing WQ data
 - Kingsley Lake TBD based on existing WQ data
 - Lac Lavon TBD based on existing WQ data
 - Orchard Lake TBD based on existing WQ data
- Cooperate with member cities to achieve stormwater sediment loading goals consistent with member city MS4 permits to protect and improve local water resources and the Minnesota River.
- Cooperate with member cities to achieve stormwater phosphorus loading goals consistent with member city MS4 permits to protect and improve local water resources and the Minnesota River.
- Work with member cities to reduce chloride loading relative to current conditions through practices consistent with the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area Chloride Management Plan (MPCA, 2016).

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4.1.2 Policies

- The BDWMO and member cities will cooperate to manage strategic waterbodies. <u>The BDWMO has definedidentified and will maintain a list of "strategic</u> waterbodies."<u>and member cities will continue to manage the "strategic"</u> <u>waterbodies.</u> <u>The BDWMO defined Sstrategic waterbodies are defined as those</u> <u>meeting specific criteria (see Table 2.7</u>Section 1.9 and Table 1-6). As of the <u>development of this Plan, BDWMO strategic waterbodies include:</u>
 - a. <u>The strategic waterbodies are Crystal Lake</u>,

b. Orchard Lake,

c. <u>Keller Lake</u>,

d. Kingsley Lake, and

e. Lac Lavon.

- 4.2. All waterbodies in the BDWMO will be classified and managed according to either the BDWMO waterbody classification system or the city's wetland classification system (see member city management plans). The BDWMO will classify strategic waterbodies; member cities will classify all other waterbodies. The BDWMO waterbody classification is described in Section <u>1.9.12.10.2</u> and <u>Table 2.7Table 1-7</u> and includes the following classifications:
 - **Category I** <u>these water bodies support</u> Waterbodies in this category are typically used for swimming and other direct contact recreational activities. These waterbodies have the highest/best water quality and are usually the most popular water_bodies with the public.
 - **Category II** <u>these water bodies support Waterbodies in this category are</u> typically used for indirect contact recreational activities (e.g., boating and fishing) that involve incidental contact with lake water. These waterbodies have poorer water quality than Category I water_bodies, but are still popular with the public.
 - **Category III** <u>these_Waterbodies_water bodies in this category serve important</u> <u>functions forprovide</u> wildlife habitat<u>, and aesthetic enjoyment</u>, and <u>may also</u> <u>provide opportunities for possibly</u> warm-water fishing, provided winter kill <u>does not occur</u>. These waterbodies may have poorer water quality than

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Category I and II waterbodies and typically are not viewed as swimmable because of lower water quality or the nature of their shorelines.

- **Category IV** Nutrient & Sediment Traps. Wwater_bodies in this category are typically water quality ponds used as nutrient and sediment traps_intended to reduce downstream loading of sediment and/or phosphorus and other nutrients that contribute to degradation of water quality. The phosphorus removal efficiency of these ponds will vary by size.
- 2.3. The BDWMO will cooperate with the affected communities and the MPCA in developing TMDLs and associated implementation plans for <u>impaired</u> water bodies within the BDWMO, as needed. -BDWMO <u>roles may include financial</u> <u>support, technical assistance, developing the TMDL and/or implementation plan,</u> <u>activities may include performing the TMDL, funding the TMDL, providing data</u> to inform a TMDL, writing an implementation plan, and other appropriate activities.
- 3.4. At least biennially, the BDWMO will discuss water quality issues in the Credit River watershed downstream of the BDWMO with the Scott WMO.
- 4.<u>5.</u> The BDWMO will monitor the water quality, algal community, and aquatic vegetation of its strategic waterbodies per the scope and schedule described in Section XX of this Plan (reference to implementation section), as amended. The BDWMO will prepare a report summarizing the results of the previous year's monitoring; the report will -include available data regarding other biological indicators, such as fisheries. The BDWMO will post these reports on its website. The BDWMO and will make submit its monitoring data publicly available, and provide data to the MPCA. for entry into the MPCA's water quality database, EQuIS (Environmental Quality Information System). The type of monitoring recommended for each waterbody varies according to its classification, as shown below: Description of monitoring program will be moved to a subsection of the implementation section or an appendix.

Waterbody Classification	Type of Monitoring (see Section 2.9.1 and Section 2.13.2)
Category I	Survey level water quality monitoring (e.g., Metropolitan Council's Citizen Assisted Monitoring Program) and habitat monitoring—minimum requirement Management level water quality monitoring every 3 years

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Waterbody Classification	Type of Monitoring (see Section 2.9.1 and Section 2.13.2)
	Intensive water quality monitoring as needed for diagnostic and/or TMDL studies
Category II	Survey Level water quality monitoring (e.g., CAMP) and habitat monitoring.
	Management level water quality monitoring as needed
	Intensive water quality monitoring as needed for diagnostic and/or TMDL studies
Category III	Survey Level water quality monitoring (e.g. CAMP) and habitat monitoring.
	Management level water quality monitoring as needed
	Intensive water quality monitoring as needed for diagnostic and/or TMDL studies
Category IV/V	As required by city maintenance plans and policies.

- 5. The BDWMO will perform habitat monitoring (see Section 2.13.2) of all strategic waterbodies at least once every five years. This program includes monitoring of biological and physical indicators.
- 6. <u>The BDWMO will assess BDWMO and publicly available (e.g., CAMP monitoring) to calculate and annually assess water quality trends for strategic water bodies-annually. When statistically significant trends (see Section X) are identified, the BDWMO will coordinate with member cities to identify appropriate follow-up actions, if needed.</u>

The BDWMO will take actions to protect strategic waterbodies from degradation relative to certain thresholds, or "action levels." Table 4-1 outlines these actions. The BDWMO, with the involvement of member cities, will conduct diagnostic-feasibility studies for strategic waterbodies (see Table 4-1) to determine the needed water quality improvement projects and the estimated costs of the projects. The following "action levels" apply to these waterbodies, and will be updated annually (see Table 2-6):

For lakes with sufficient data, calculate the 25th and 75th percentiles of *average* summer Secchi disk transparency data from the last 10 sampling years to obtain the interquartile range. The action level should be set at the 25th percentile or the MPCA lake eutrophication standards, whichever is more stringent.

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 - For lakes with insufficient (or no) water quality data, more data will need to be collected before setting lake specific action levels. In the meantime, the following action levels would apply:
 - Action level for Category I waterbodies: if the average summer Secchi disk reading drops below 1.6 meters or more than two individual readings are less than 1.1 meters.
 - *Action level for Category II waterbodies:* if the average summer Secchi disk reading drops below 1.0 meters.
 - 7. The BDWMO will may recommend actions or projects for strategic waterbodies, as necessary, following the identification of impairment(s) or statistically significant degrading trends in water qualityprocess outlined in Table 4-1. These projects will be included or added to the BDWMO CIP. Member cities will perform actions or projects recommended by the BDWMO. If a city does not include a recommended action or project for a strategic resource in its CIP within 18 months, the BDWMO will consider may undertakinge the recommended action or project. It may require a plan amendment to add a project to Table 5-1. In this situation, the BDWMO would will assess the project costs back to the affected member cities, in accordance with the joint powers agreement. For non-strategic resources, the cities are to take the recommended action. In accordance with the joint powers agreement, any member city may appeal cost allocation decisions made by the BDWMO.
 - 7.8. The BDWMO will limit its water quality management roles not explicitly defined in this Plan and associated implementation schedule to those involving intercommunity watersheds, or those requested by the involved affected member cities. Consider moving this policy as an addition to policy #9 regarding management activities for strategic waterbodies.
 - 8.<u>1.</u>The BDWMO and member cities will continue to manage the "strategie" waterbodies. Strategic waterbodies are defined as meeting specific criteria (see Table 2.7). The strategic waterbodies are Crystal Lake, Orchard Lake, Keller Lake, Kingsley Lake, and Lac Lavon.
 - 9.<u>1.</u> The BDWMO will recommend actions or projects for strategic waterbodies as necessary, following the process outlined in Table 4-1. Member cities will perform actions or projects recommended by the BDWMO. If a city does not include a recommended action or project for a strategic resource in its CIP within

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18 months, the BDWMO will consider undertaking the recommended action or project. It may require a plan amendment to add a project to Table 5-1. In this situation, the BDWMO would assess the project costs back to the cities, in accordance with the joint powers agreement. For non-strategic resources, the cities are to take the recommended action.

- 10.9. The BDWMO will continue to cooperate with the member cities and other partners, as appropriate, to implement projects to address water quality issues in strategic waterbodies. in resolving issues related to the member cities' implementation of BDWMO directed or TMDL recommended water quality improvement projects. The BDWMO's involvement could may include assisting in allocating project costs among the member cities, technical assistance/review, public engagement, participating in public informational meetings about the projects, obtaining seeking and managing grants, and updating the BDWMO at BDWMO Commission meetingsother roles, as appropriate. In accordance with the joint powers agreement, any member city may appeal cost allocation decisions made by the BDWMO.
- 11.10. Member cities (or other MS4s) shall The BDWMO will help facilitate in allocating costs for TMDL implementation tasks aimed at achieving the required load allocations (pollutant loads not assigned to permitted MS4s) outlined in the approved TMDL. MS4s within the BDWMO will be responsible for the implementation of BMPs that will help achieve the required wasteload allocations required by TMDLs. The BDWMO will fund and implement internal load reduction projects stemming from TMDLs for lakes with intercommunity shoreline (see also Section 4.7.4, Policy 8 reference to be updated).
- 12.11. The BDWMO will partner with the Dakota County SWCD or other organizations to sponsor and implement <u>small-scale</u> water quality improvement projects on residential, commercial, or public properties through existing cost share and assistance programs (e.g., <u>Dakota County Landscaping for clean water installing residential rain gardens through the Blue Thumb Program</u>).
- 13.12. <u>The BDWMO mM</u>ember cities are responsible for managing "non-strategic" water_bodies. City management of these water bodies <u>could-may</u> include classifying, monitoring, tracking trends, conducting studies, and implementing water quality management actions. <u>Waterbody management actions Relevant</u> activities shall be reported in the city's local water management plan.

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 - 13. Member cities shall limit chloride use to the extent practicable through implementation of practices recommended in the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area Chloride Management Plan and/or other relevant guidance.
 - 14. Member cities will continue to manage all MDNR public waters for nondegradation as required by their MS4 permits.
 - <u>15.1.</u><u>All Category I-III waterbodies should be managed to preserve and promote</u> <u>biodiversity and improve habitat quality.</u> (*policy moved to habitat section*)
 - 16. In general, the BDWMO supports implementation of in lake chemical treatments only after watershed load reductions have been considered or implemented.
 - 17.15. Member cities are encouraged to maximize the use of infiltration techniques to address water quality issues, consistent with the guidance and limitations detailed in the explore the outcome of the MPCA Minimum Impact Design Standards (MIDS), NPDES Construction Stormwater General Permit, and MS4 General Permit-project study as a source of potential ideas/regulatory tools to manage water quality and address MPCA anti-degradation requirements.
 - 18.16. The BDWMO and member cities will shall share water quality data and trend analyses with the BDWMO, as available.
 - 19.<u>17.</u> The BDWMO encourages the member cities to take full advantage of redevelopment as an opportunity to achieve water quality improvements. The BDWMO will work with member cities to identify water quality improvement opportunities in redevelopment areas and help secure funding for such projects, as requested.

4.2 WATER QUANTITY AND FLOODING

4.2.1 Goals

- Achieve no net increase in intercommunity peak stormwater flow rates.
- Reduce the number and/or flood risk of habitable structures within the floodplain in cooperation with member cities.

4.2.2 Policies

1. The BDWMO will serve as a facilitator for intercommunity <u>flood controlwater</u> <u>quantity</u> issues (issues where the tributary watershed spans more than one city or

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outflows cross city/county/WMO boundaries). As facilitator, the BDWMO will assist in fairly allocating costs among the member cities for intercommunity flood control_flood risk reduction projects (see Financing Policies, Section 4.7.4 #5 – *reference to be updated*).

- 2. The BDWMO will coordinate intercommunity stormwater runoff design and planning with the member communities by:
 - Reviewing each member city's local water management plan for consistency with the BDWMO goals and intercommunity planning.
 - Calculating the cost apportionment between cities for water resources projects with intercommunity participation at the request of the cities involved.

Suggest deleting above policy as both elements are addressed in the "Administration" section.

- 3.2. The BDWMO promotes stormwater volume reduction through infiltration practices (e.g., bioretention, porous pavement) on all new development and redevelopment sites where such practices are feasible and do not pose a risk to groundwater resources. The member cities will consider the Minnesota Department of Health's *Evaluating Proposed Stormwater Infiltration Projects in Vulnerable Wellhead Protection Areas*, as amended, as guidance in evaluating all proposed infiltration projects within or adjacent to vulnerable portions of the Drinking Water Supply Management Areas (DWSMA) (see Section 3.6). The member cities use infiltration and reductions in impervious surface coverage as methods to achieve TMDL load reductions (i.e., improve water quality). The member cities also use these measures to reduce runoff, especially in areas tributary to landlocked basins. *Consider eliminating this policy in favor of volume control performance standard (consistent with current city practice)*
- 4.3. As part of updating local water management plans, member cities will review development regulations (zoning and subdivision ordinances). The BDWMO recommends encourages cities to promote the use of low impact development (LID) to reduce stormwater runoff volume (including opportunities to reduce impervious surfaces) and amend local development regulations (e.g., zoning/subdivision ordinances) as practicable to-remove/reduce obstacles to LID practices, including opportunities to reduce impervious surfaces. The BDWMO will assist member cities in amending regulations to the extent requested by the member cities. Examples of methods to reduce impervious surfaces include:

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 - Reducing road widths, such as reducing drive and parking lanes widths and allowing parking on only one side of a residential street.
 - Reducing the number and/or size of parking spaces required and the width of parking lot access lanes. Use of maximum parking requirements and required use of pervious pavement for parking spaces that exceed the maximum are encouraged.
 - Eliminating pavement in the center of cul-de-sacs.
 - Reducing sidewalk widths.
 - <u>Eliminating minimum parking space requirements</u> <u>Allowing greater flexibility to</u> <u>encourage shared parking</u>.
 - Creating a smaller building footprint (e.g., building two-story houses instead of one-story houses). Consider deleting as this seems less reasonable to implement
 - Installing semipermeable/permeable paving, where feasible (e.g., overflow parking lots).
 - Minimizing environmental impacts of street construction and reconstruction and creating streets safe for all ages, abilities, and modes of transportation.
 - Planting trees.
 - 5.4. The BDWMO encourages the member cities to reduce <u>peak</u> discharge rates wherever possible, <u>beyond minimum required performance standards</u> with the goal of reducing discharge rates to pre-development levels (or lower) (see Section 4.9 – BDWMO Performance Standards).
 - 6. The BDWMO encourages the member cities to recruit volunteers to participate in the MDNR's lake level monitoring program for MDNR public waters. The BDWMO will assist member cities through "call for volunteers" articles in the BDWMO newsletter, on the BDWMO website, or other appropriate means.
 Suggest deleting and replacing with a more general policy in education and outreach section
 - 7.5.Member cities should shall evaluate the impact of increasing the drainage area to landlocked basins, including effects on flooding, as part of project review. If outlets are needed from landlocked basins, the BDWMO encourages cities to keep outflow rates low to allow for as much infiltration as appropriate, while not causing extended periods of high water levels that may have negative effects.

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Member cities shall consider the effects of water level fluctuations on trees, vegetation, erosion, and property values public safety when establishing flood levels considering proposed changes to the hydrology of for landlocked basins.

- 8.6. The BDWMO requires mMember cities to shall estimate and consider analyze the water quality and flooding flood risk impacts of proposed outlets from landlocked basins on intercommunity flows and/or or any downstream strategic waterbodies prior to construction of the outlets. If analyses indicate adverse effects on water quality or increased flood potentialrisk, the city must notify consult with the BDWMO prior to construction.
- 9.7. The mMember cities shall consider the effects of events larger than the 100-year flood event, prolonged periods of wet conditions, high runoff volume events (e.g., snowmelt events that last for many weeks), and potential impacts of climate change when setting minimum building elevations. Higher minimum building elevations should be considered for structures adjacent to ponding areas with large tributary watersheds and for structures adjacent to landlocked basins.
- 10. Member cities shall consider the possibility of long duration events, such as multiple-year wet cycles and high runoff volume events (e.g., snowmelt events that last for many weeks) when establishing high water elevations and the need for outlets from landlocked basins. Policy combined with above policy regarding minimum building elevations.

4.3 EROSION/SEDIMENTATION

4.3.1 Goals

- Limit and/or decrease erosion and sedimentation through continued implementation of local controls consistent with minimum state standards.
- Cooperate with member cities to achieve stormwater sediment loading goals consistent with member city MS4 permits to protect and improve local water resources and the Minnesota River. *Repeat from WQ section*

4.3.2 Policies

1. The BDWMO will facilitate intercommunity erosion and sediment control projects by performing studies, preliminary designs, feasibility reports, and calculating the cost apportionment between cities, as requested by the cities.

- Goals have been updated to reflect previously discussed edits
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 - 2. The BDWMO requires conveyance system discharges to be designed so as to prevent or minimize the potential for bank, channel, or shoreline erosion.
 - <u>3.</u> Member cities shall consider the following <u>for in</u> the design <u>and construction</u> of shoreline stabilization measures, <u>in addition to standard engineering and</u> <u>economic criteria</u>:

<u>a.</u> unique or special site conditions,

b. energy dissipation potential,

c. preservation of natural processes ecological functions and habitat, and

a.d. use of natural materials, bioengineering methods, and aesthetics.

3.4.Member cities shall continue managing erosion and sediment control permitting programs and ordinances asthrough local regulatory controls consistent with required by their NPDES MS4 permit and the NDPES Construction Stormwater General Permit. -Procedures for reviewing, approving, and enforcing erosion and sediment control plans shall be described in local water management plans.

4.4 WETLAND AND HABITAT MANAGEMENT

4.4.1 Goals

- Promote improving the ecological function of wetlands for water retention, recharge, soil conservation, habitat, aesthetics, and water quality improvement through XXXX action(s) (actions could be education related, # of improvement projects, etc.)
- Pursue no net loss of wetlands in the BDWMO through continued City implementation of the Wetland Conservation Act (WCA), participation in technical evaluation panels (TEPs), and other wetland management roles.

4.4.2 Policies

 <u>The BDWMO defers local governmental unit (LGU) authority for administering</u> the Wetland Conservation Act (WCA) to member cities and MnDOT (which administers the WCA within its right-of-way). The BDWMO will not seek to manage individual wetlands. In compliance with WCA, LGUs must protect wetlands from impacts in the following order: avoid, minimize, mitigate.

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 - 2. 2. Member cities will <u>maintain local official controls to protect and manage</u> wetlands at least as stringent as current performance standards (see Table XX), including wetland buffer widths based on protection level or management classification, but not less than XX feet. continue to enforce wetland management standards as defined by each member city (see Table 3-1), but including at a minimum:
 - Buffer strip width requirements depending on protection level or management classification (no less than 16.5 feet).
 - Limits on water level bounce during storm events depending upon wetland protection level or management classification. Consider deleting bounce standard as the BWSR guidance document this is based on is outdated
 - 3.<u>1.</u>The BDWMO defers local governmental unit (LGU) authority for administering the Wetland Conservation Act (WCA) to member cities and MnDOT (which administers the WCA within its right-of-way). The BDWMO will not seek to manage individual wetlands. In compliance with WCA, LGUs must protect wetland from impacts in the following order: avoid, minimize, mitigate.
 - 4.2. The BDWMO requires mMember cities' official controls to protect and manage wetlands -to maintain wetland protection ordinancesshall be based on comprehensive wetland management plans or wetland functions and values assessments.
 - 5.3. The BDWMO requires mMember cities to shall maintain an inventory of wetlands, including assessment of functions and values, either as part of a comprehensive wetland management plan or on an as-needed basis (e.g., as part of development/redevelopment project review).
 - 6.4. Member cities will continue to use wetland management systems to effectively manage the wetlands within the BDWMO. Ashall use a wetland classification system similar to MnRAM3-is recommended for wetland management purposes.
 - 7.5. The member cities may request that the BDWMO classify and set goals for certain-specific wetlands; the BDWMO commissioners will decide whether to take on the responsibility, if requested.

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4.5 SHORELAND, HABITAT AND OPEN SPACE MANAGEMENT

4.5.1 Goals

- Promote improved shoreline integrity and the ecological functions of healthy shorelines through XXXX action(s) (actions could be education related, # of improvement projects, etc.)
- Maintain or improve the ecological and habitat quality of BDWMO strategic waterbodies as quantified through the BDWMO habitat monitoring program, with the following targets established: *Individual lake targets TBD*
- Support member city and partner actions to preserve and enhance recreational opportunities within the BDWMO *May be included as policy vs goal*.
- Support member city and partners actions to prevent the increase or reduce the occurrence of aquatic invasive species within BDWMO strategic waterbodies.
- Support member city and partners actions to increase the amount and diversity of native vegetation within BDWMO strategic waterbodies. *May be combined with quantitative goal above if targets include vegetative diversity*

4.5.2 Policies

- The BDWMO will-promotes and encourage the protection of non-disturbed shoreland areas, restoration of disturbed shorelines, and the creation establishment of vegetated buffers zones-along shorelines through support of existing cost-share programs, technical assistance for member cities, and pursuit of grant and cost-share funding for shoreline restoration projects. This will be done by sponsoring shoreline management and restoration workshops through the Blue Thumb Program or other similar programs, as opportunities allow.
- 2. The BDWMO will continue to monitor aquatic vegetation, algal community, and/or additional ecologic factors per the scope and schedule described in Section XX of this Plan (*reference to monitoring section*), as amended. The BDWMO will prepare a report summarizing the results of the previous year's monitoring; the report will-include available data regarding other biological indicators, such as fisheries. The BDWMO will post these reports on its website.
- 3. The BDWMO will consider publicly available data to identify "reference lakes" in order to establish habitat, fishery, and/or ecological health goals for strategic waterbodies.

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 - 2.4. Member cities shall minimize impacts to and will restore to the extent practicable lakeshore shoreline vegetation during and after construction projects.
 - 3.5. The BDWMO will <u>coordinate and collaborate with member cities</u>, <u>Dakota</u> <u>SWCD</u>, <u>and other partners to</u> encourage public and private landowners to maintain wetlands and open space areas for the benefit of wildlife through education and by providing information on various grant <u>and cost-share</u> programs.
 - 4.<u>6.</u>The BDWMO encourages member cities to address disturbed shoreland areas in local water management plans, including lakeshore areas. -This may include identification, ranking, and mapping of disturbed shoreland areas. The BDWMO will provide member cities with results from the BDWMO habitat monitoring program and information on various grant programs to assist with these activities.
 - 5.7. The mMember cities are to shall maintain and enforce official controls addressing shoreland areas and responsibility for shoreland regulation accordingconsistent with to-state requirements and local regulations.
 - 8. Member cities shall manage <u>Aall Category I-III waterbodies (see Table 1-7)</u> <u>should be managed to preserve and promote biodiversity, and improve -habitat</u> <u>quality, end ecological functions.</u> *Consider moving to habitat section*
 - 6.9. Member cities shall consider opportunities to maintain, <u>restore, or</u> enhance, or provide new open spaces <u>natural areas-</u>, <u>wetlands</u>, and/or habitat <u>functions</u> as part of wetland modification, stormwater facility constructionstormwater <u>infrastructure projects</u>, redevelopment, or other appropriate projects that.:

Increase beneficial habitat, wildlife and recreational uses; promote infiltration and vegetative water use; and

Decrease detrimental wildlife uses (such as beaver dams, goose overabundance) that damage water control facilities, shoreline vegetation, water quality, or recreational facilities.

 7.10. Member cities shall consider opportunities to enhance recreational functions of natural areas and waterbodies, where appropriate, as part of stormwater infrastructure projects, redevelopment, or other appropriate projects *New policy specifically noting recreational use added for consideration*

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4.6 GROUNDWATER

- 4.6.1 Goals
- Promote the protection of groundwater quality and quantity through annual collaboration with Dakota County, Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, and/or other agencies managing groundwater.
- Promote groundwater conservation and water reuse through at least XX education and outreach activities per year.

4.6.2 Policies

- The BDWMO encourages member cities to provide increased green space, grassed waterways, native vegetation, and infiltration facilities wherever such actions are possible and do not pose a risk to groundwater resources, to allow for the infiltration of stormwater runoff and promote groundwater rechargeconsistent with guidance and restrictions of the MPCA's Minimal Impact Design Standards, NPDES Construction Stormwater General Permit, and MS4 General Permit.
- 2. The BDWMO will work with and encourage member cities to join<u>member cities</u>, Dakota County<u>, andor</u> other <u>entitiespeartners</u> in efforts to promote awareness of groundwater resource issues through public education programs, data sharing, and other information programs.
- 3. The BDWMO will support Dakota County in the implementation of the Dakota County 2020-2030 Groundwater Plan, through participation in planning efforts, data sharing, technical assistance or other appropriate actions, as requested. all the policies in the Dakota County groundwater plan and will cooperate with Dakota County, Minnesota Department of Health, and the MDNR to protect sensitive groundwater areas. Cooperation may include providing education to member cities and residents, collaborating with agencies or cities on activities and events, and/or providing data, as requested.
- 4. The BDWMO and member cities shall promote groundwater conservation and small-scale water reuse (e.g., rain barrels) through education and outreach and support of local cost-share programs (e.g., Dakota SWCD Landscaping for Clean Water).
- 4.<u>5.</u>The BDWMO encourages member cities to protect recharge areas and groundwater resources from potential sources of contamination, including contamination associated with the infiltration of stormwater, through. This can

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be accomplished by enforcing appropriate spill and contamination prevention procedures<u>measures and other activities consistent with member city MS4</u> <u>permits</u>, analyzing effects of infiltration BMPs prior to their construction, and other appropriate activities (see MDH guidance document *Evaluation Proposed Stormwater Infiltration Projects in Vulnerable Wellhead Protection Areas*, as amended).

5.6. Member cities shall continue their management programs and ordinances pertaining to subsurface sewage treatment systems (SSTS), consistent with state and local rules and shall follow the Metropolitan Council's Waste Discharge Rules regarding requirements and timing of connections to sanitary sewer service.

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4.9 BDWMO PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

The BDWMO requires the policies, standards and criteria presented in this section, or an approved equivalent, to be incorporated into each city's local water management plan during the local plan's next revision. The BDWMO expects that member cities will implement the standards within two years of approval of the BDWMO plan, regardless of the local plan revision schedule.

4.9.1 Policies

- Member cities shall maintain or strengthen stormwater <u>management</u>, erosion and sediment control, wetland, <u>floodplain</u> and shoreland <u>regulationsofficial controls</u>. <u>The BDWMO website shall contain links to the city's regulations</u>. <u>Member cities</u> <u>shall notify the BDWMO of updates to relevant local controls</u>. The BDWMO reserves the right to review these regulations or other regulations affecting the BDWMO water resources for compliance with this Plan.
- 2. The BDWMO requires that any project disturbing more than project (development or redevelopment of land) that results in-1 acre (or part of the-a larger project exceeding 1 acre of land disturbance) or more of disturbance-shall be subject to/trigger the appropriate member city's stormwater management standardslocal performance standards for rate control, volume control, and permanent_water quality treatment, as shown in Table 3-2.
- The BDWMO requires that all new, reconstructed, or redeveloped stormwater management systems facilities (e.g., pipes, ponds, treatment facilities) or stormwater management systems replaced as part of redevelopment conform to the policies presented in this plan.
- 4. For new, redesignedreconstructed, or redeveloped replaced stormwater discharge points/outfalls, member cities must provide pretreatment (at least grit removal) of stormwater prior to its discharge to category I-III water_bodies and wetlands, the Black Dog Fen, and trout streams.
- 5. The member cities are encouraged to provide or require (e.g., during redevelopment) pretreatment of stormwater runoff for existing inlets to the stormwater system that receive direct stormwater runoff (i.e., no pretreatment) and are likely to see the greatest benefit from water quality improvement BMPs.
- 6. The City of Lakeville <u>will-shall</u> restrict the Orchard Lake outlet to maintain its peak outflow at 65 cfs to help prevent capacity and erosion problems downstream

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in Credit River Township and the City of Savage. *Consider moving all "recommendations" to other sections (e.g., water quality) and include only requirements in "Performance Standards" section.*

- The BDWMO requires that the level of protection along all trunk conveyors, streams, and channels and around all wetlands, ponds, detention basins, and lakes resulting from the construction or redevelopment of stormwater management facilities be based on the critical-duration 100-year flood.
- 8. The BDWMO requires that <u>new or redeveloped</u> non-trunk stormwater systems <u>facilities</u> provide discharge capacity for the critical-duration runoff event that is not less than a five-year frequency event, preferably a 10-year frequency event (level of service).
- 9. Where proposed development, redevelopment, and infrastructure projects are unable to meet the performance standards documented in this Plan, member cities shall seek input from BDWMO regarding project acceptability. The BDWMO allows that where the planned level of service would cause hardship in operation of a downstream system, the owner may design for a lesser level of service if the following circumstances are present:
 - The proposed new or replacement system will not have a longer life than that of the existing downstream system.
 - It is not practical to incorporate temporary measures into the new system to mitigate the effects of the new system on the downstream system.
- 10. The BDWMO requires mMember cities shall to ensure that proposed development, redevelopment, and/or infrastructure projects will not overtax the existing downstream stormwater drainage system capacity in terms of rate and volume.increase downstream flood risk relative to existing conditions.
- 11. The BDWMO requires that mMember cities shall incorporate emergency overflow structures (i.e., swales, spillways), where feasible, into pond outlet structure designs to prevent undesired floodingminimize floodr risk resulting from storms larger than the 100-year (one percent) event or plugged outlet conditions.
- <u>12. The BDWMO requires that the mM</u>ember cities <u>shall</u> secure easements or fee title (or maintenance agreements for private systems) to the stormwater system as areas develop or redevelop.

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 - 12.13. Member cities shall require maintenance agreements for privately owned stormwater facilities that identify maintenance activities and the responsible party.
 - 13.14. The BDWMO encourages the member cities to incorporate multi-stage outlets into their pond designs to control flows from smaller, less frequent storms and help maintain base flows in downstream open channels. The BDWMO will cooperate with member cities to identify or evaluate designs intended to achieve this goal. See above comment regarding recommendations versus requirements.
 - 14.15. <u>The BDWMO requires cMember c</u>ities to shall require set minimum building elevations (including basement) at least one foot above the critical 100-year flood elevation for structures adjacent to inundation areas.
 - <u>15.16.</u> The BDWMO requires the following rate control standards:
 - For new development, peak runoff rates will be maintained at or below predevelopment rates for all events up to and including the 100-year storm event. and redevelopment, Tthe peak rate of stormwater runoff rate from the developed subwatershed of the site shall not exceed the existing peak rate of runoff for the 2-year, 10-year, and the 100-year storm events. For new development, peak runoff rates will be maintained at or below predevelopment rates for all events up to and including the 100-year storm event. "Subwatershed" may be the project site, or may be an area of greater size for which an approved local water management plan meets this criterion.
 - Analysis of peak stormwater rates shall be performed using a hydrograph method based on sound hydrologic theory and Atlas 14 (or more recent) precipitation data.
 - Rates may be further restricted when the capacity of the downstream conveyance system is limited.
 - 16. The BDWMO requires member cities to limit runoff rates to levels that allow for safe and stable conveyance of flow through the watersheds in the BDWMO. To this end, the BDWMO requires the following:
 - A hydrograph method based on sound hydrologic theory shall be used to analyze stormwater runoff for the design or analysis of flows in conveyors, streams, and channels and flows to ponds and wetlands.

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 - Reservoir routing procedures and critical duration 100 year runoff events shall be used for design of detention basins and outlets.
 - 17. The BDWMO encourages member cities to limit runoff volumes by using designs that limit impervious surfaces and/or incorporate volume control practices such as infiltration to protect surface water quality and provide recharge to groundwater, except in cases where site-specific investigation suggests negative impacts resulting from limiting runoff or increasing infiltration. The BDWMO will cooperate with member cities to identify or evaluate designs intended to achieve this goal. Suggest deleting as similar policy is included in water quality section.
 - 18. Member cities shall encourage reduced connectivity of impervious surfaces through education (e.g. Blue Thumb workshops and newsletter articles), developer agreements, or other appropriate methods. Suggest deleting as this is not a requirement and is generally covered elsewhere.
 - 19. The BDWMO requires member cities to limit nutrient loading into waterbodies to prevent them from impairment and/or to improve water quality so they are no longer impaired, to the extent practicable. Suggest deleting as water quality standards to avoid impairment are already included in the goals.
 - <u>17. Member cities shall be responsible for operating and maintaining city-owned</u> <u>stormwater facilities in order to achieve the intended water quality improvement,</u> <u>flood risk reduction, and other beneficial functions originally intended.</u>
 - 20. The BDWMO requires member cities to protect and maintain downstream drainage systems to provide permanent and safe conveyance of stormwater, and to reduce the frequency and/or duration of downstream flooding.
 - 21. All projects disturbing one acre or more must submit an Erosion Control Plan to the MPCA that conforms to the MPCA's NPDES Construction Stormwater General Permit and shall incorporate the appropriate BMPs described in *Protecting Water Quality in Urban Areas* (MPCA, 2000).
 - 22.18. Structural BMPs that treat stormwater <u>shall conform to</u> <u>must conform to</u> standard engineering practices <u>documented in the Minnesota Stormwater Manual</u> <u>or equivalent design standard</u>.
 - 23.19. Member cities will maintain local official controls to protect and manage wetlands at least as stringent as current performance standards (see Table XX), including wetland buffer widths based on protection level or management

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<u>classification, but not less than XX feet.</u><u>continue to enforce wetland</u> management standards as defined by each member city (see Table 3-1), but including at a minimum:

- Buffer strip width requirements depending on protection level or management classification (no less than 16.5 feet).
- <u>Limits on water level bounce during storm events depending upon wetland</u> protection level or management classification.